#### IELTS LISTENING PRACTICE PAPER

You often have to listen to things such as names of people, streets, organisations, or numbers.

#### **SECTION ONE**

https://www.grammarwiz.com/media-files/ielts-listening-practice-test-online-section-1-booking-a-tour.mp3

You will hear a tourist talking to a London Tour Company in order to organise a tour of the popular sights of London.

# Questions 1 - 5 For each Answer write NO MORE THAN ONE WORD AND / OR A NUMBER.

They will be	oming to Lond	lon on (1)	
He's going w	th his sister an	d his (2)	
Tour Details			
Bus Tour			
The cost is (3	£	for adults	
and ( <b>4</b> ) £		for children	

#### **Questions 6-8**

Choose TWO letters A-G.

**6-8.** Which **three** places does the tourist decide he's likely to see?

*A* □ *Buckingham Palace* 

Big Ben
Harrods
Houses of Parliament
Hyde Park
St Paul's Cathedral
London Eye
as 9-10
he correct letter A, B or C.
vill the tourist buy the tickets?
By phone
Online
On the bus
long before he leaves should he buy his tickets?
week
weeks
months

This is another **IELTS** listening practice part two.

In part two you hear a talk, mainly focusing on one person. Below is the listening audio and the questions which you can complete online.

# **IELTS Listening Practice Part Two**

#### **SECTION TWO**

https://www.grammarwiz.com/media-files/ielts-listening-practice-part-two-pandas.mp3

You will hear Dan Saunders, a wildlife expert, giving a talk about Pandas.

Questio	ns 11-12
Choose	the correct letter A, B or C.
<b>11.</b> Each	n day, pandas need to eat:
$_A$ $\square$	Very little nutrition
	12-38 kg of bamboo
	330 pounds of bamboo
	andas are cared for away from the wild, they can live for approximately:
$_A\square$	6 months
	14-20 years
	30 years
Questio	ns 13-14
Choose	TWO letters A-E.
Select tv	wo things that are endangering pandas:
$_A$ $\square$	Public awareness
$_B$ $\square$	Ecotourism
$c^{\square}$	Poaching
	Other wildlife
	Building of roads and railroads

# **Questions 15-16**

Write NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS AND / OR A NUMBER.

**15.** What proportion of the panda population in China is protected by reserves?

#### **IELTS Listening Practice Part Two**

This is another **IELTS** listening practice part two.

In part two you hear a talk, mainly focusing on one person.

Remember to read through the questions carefully in the time you are given so you can get an idea of the structure of the talk and the topics that will be discussed.

This will help you to follow it and to find where you are if you do get lost.

Below is the listening audio and the questions which you can complete online.

The answers and script are below.

#### **IELTS Listening Practice Part Two**

#### **SECTION TWO**

You will hear Dan Saunders, a wildlife expert, giving a talk about Pandas.

#### **Questions 11-12**

Choose the correct letter A, B or C.

11. Each day, pandas need to eat:

A TC		1.0	
$C^{\square}$	330 pou	unds of bamboo	
$B^{\square}$	12-38 k	g of bamboo	
$_A$ $\square$	Very litt	tle nutrition	

**12.** If pandas are cared for away from the wild, they can live for approximately:

$_A$ $\square$	6 months
$_B$ $\square$	14-20 years

$C^{\square}$	30 years
Questi	ons 13-14
Choose	e TWO letters A-E.
Select t	two things that are endangering pandas:
$_A$ $\square$	Public awareness
$B^{\square}$	Ecotourism
$C^{\square}$	Poaching
$D^{\square}$	Other wildlife
$E^{\square}$	Building of roads and railroads
	ons 15-16 NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS AND / OR A NUMBER.
<b>15.</b> Wh	at proportion of the panda population in China is protected by reserves?
<b>16.</b> Wh	at did the WWF create which encouraged people to support pandas?
Questi	ons 17 - 20
Write N	NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS for each answer.

Reasons that pandas may not be worth saving:
They are extremely (17) to look after
They have a diet that is not (18)
They get sick easily and are hard to breed

Reasons that pandas should not be allowed to die out:		
They are in danger because (19) are damaging the forests		
We should protect their homes because other animals live there		
The number of pandas in the wild is (20) so they will not become extinct		
IELTS Listening Practice Part 3		
SECTION THREE		
https://www.grammarwiz.com/media-files/ielts-listening-practice-part-3-business-project.mp3		
You will hear a university tutor talking to two students about problems they are having with a business studies project.		
Questions 21 - 22		
Choose the correct letter A, B or C.		
21 What is the problem that the students are having with the project?		
The readings are too difficult		
$B^{\square}$ The readings are not interesting		
$C^{\square}$ The project is taking too long		
22 When can extensions be granted?		
$A \square$ Problems with planning		

# **Questions 23-27**

 $C^{\square}$ 

 $B^{\square}$  Illness or accidents

Scheduling issues

What main problem do the students suggest each company has. Match the company to the problem. The first has been done for you.

Choose your answers from the box and write the letters **A–G** next to questions 23–27.

A knowledge about their customers

**B** long-term gain

**C** competition

**D** customer satisfaction

**E** employees

**F** external factors

Example
E. Stacks Stationary

23. Princeton Windows

**24.** MK Cars

25. Lakeside Golf

**26.** Bryson's Meats

27. Mojo's Music Shop

#### **Questions 28-30**

Which opinion does each person express about Mojo's Music?

Choose your answers from the box and write the letters **A-F** next to questions 28-30.

A It has good managers

**B** It has been operating for too long

C There aren't enough music shops

**D** It needs more innovative marketing

**E** It will close down in the end

**F** It has a good long-term future

28.	Sarah
29.	John
30	 Neil

In part four you hear a full lecture or talk.

#### **SECTION FOUR**

https://www.grammarwiz.com/media-files/ielts-listening-practice-online-dolphins-lecture.mp3

# Questions 31-40

Complete the notes below

Write NO MORE THAN TWO WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER for each answer.

Behaviour of Dolphins			
- almost 40 species of dolphin			
- found (31)			
- usually in shallower seas			
- carnivores			
SOCIALISING			
- very sociable and live in pods			
- super-pods may have more than (32) dolphins			
- have strong social bonds			
- help other animals - Moko helped a whale and calf escape from (33)			
- have been known to assist swimmers			
CULTURE			
COLIUME			

- discovered in May 2005 that young bottlenose dolphins learn		
to (34)		
- dolphins pass knowledge from mothers to daughters, whereas primates pass to (35)		
AGGRESSION		
- dolphins may be aggressive towards each other		
-Like humans, this is due to disagreements over (36) and competition for females		
- Infanticide sometimes occurs and the killing of porpoises		
FOOD		
- dolphins have a variety of feeding methods, some of which		
are (37) to one population		
- Methods include:		
<ul> <li>herding</li> <li>coralling</li> <li>(38) or strand feeding</li> <li>whacking fish with their flukes</li> </ul>		
PLAYING		
- have a variety of playful activities		
- common behaviour with an object or small animal include:		
<ul> <li>carrying it along</li> <li>passing it along</li> <li>(39) away from another dolphin</li> <li>throwing it out the water</li> </ul>		
- may harass other animals		

- playful behaviour may include other (40)	such as
humans	